



Checklist of Tiritiri Matangi Birds

Name of Guide :-----

Bird Species European/Common name	Māori name	Alternative names	Status	Seen	Probably seen	Heard (not seen)
Australasian harrier	kahu		NO			
bellbird	korimako		EO			
brown quail			I			
brown teal	pāteke		ET			
fantail	pīwakawaka		NO			
fernbird	mātātā		ET			
grey warbler	riroriro		EO			
kaka	kākā		EO			
little spotted kiwi	kiwi pukupuku		ET		Nocturnal, unlikely to be seen.	
kingfisher	kōtare		NO			
morepork	ruru		NO			
NZ pigeon	kererū/kūkupa		EO			
Nth Is kokako	kōkako	blue-wattled crow	ET			
Nth Is robin	toutouwai		ET			
Nth Is saddleback	tieke		ET			
paradise shelduck	pūtangitangi		EO			
red-crowned parakeet	kākāriki		ET			
rifleman	tītītipounamu		ET			
silveryeye	tauhou		NO			
spotless crane	pūweto		NO			
stitchbird	hihi		ET			
tomtit	miromiro	Nth Is pied tit	ETx			
pukeko	pūkeko	swamp hen	NO			
takahe	takahē	Notornis	ET			
tui	tūī	parson bird	EO			
welcome swallow			NO			
whitehead	pōpokatea		ET			
Coastal Birds						
Arctic skua	hākoakoa		NO			
Australasian gannet	tākapu		NO			
black-backed gull	karoro		NO			
Bullers shearwater	rako		NS			
Caspian tern	taranui		NO			
fluttering shearwater	pakahā		NS			
little penguin	kororā	little blue penguin	NO			
little shag	kawau paka		NO			
New Zealand dotterel	tuturiwhatu		E			
pied shag	kāruhiruhi		NO			
red-billed gull	tārapunga		NO			
reef heron	matuku-moana		NO			
variable oystercatcher	Tōrea pango		EO			
white-faced heron			NO			
white-fronted tern	tara		NO			
Others - seasonal						
long-tailed cuckoo	koekoeā		EO			
shining cuckoo	pīpīwharauoa		NO			

In total 16 founder species initiated on Tiritiri Matangi.

The highlighted twelve bird species and the following animals were translocated to Tiritiri:

- tuatara
- shore skink (mokomoko)
- Duvaucel's gecko
- wētā punga

The 2004 tomtit/miromiro translocation was unsuccessful. Read about this in **Mr RG the adventurous tomtit**. The book is in the Tiritiri shop.

Key

& T = Translocated to Tiritiri

Tx = Translocated. No ongoing breeding population eg tomtit. Visiting (vagrant) tomtits may be observed on the tracks.

S = Surrounding waters

O = Originally on Tiritiri.

N = Native, breeds in NZ and other countries eg silveryeye.

I = Introduced by humans, now breeding here eg brown quail.

E = Endemic, restricted to breeding in one country eg kiwi in NZ.

Of interest is the Welcome Swallow, frequently seen flying close by when sitting having lunch near the lighthouse, which was a rare vagrant from Australia until 1958 when first breeding was recorded at Awanui, Kaitiāia. Spread has been spectacular since then and is now common throughout New Zealand.